NEPAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY (GOVERNMENT OF NEPAL UNDERTAKING) DISTRIBUTION AND CONSUMER SERVICES DIRECTORATE

GRID SOLAR AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROJECT



Nepal Electricity Authority Nepal

Environmental and Social screenings Report of 11kV Distribution System Expansion

in

Dolakha District

Project: GSEEP/W/ICB-03 Design, Supply, Installation/Erection, Testing and commissioning of 11/0.4 KV Distribution System.

Submitted by: Grid Solar Energy Efficiency project (GSEEP/W/ICB-03)

December 2019

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1. Background

This project involving Design, Supply, Installation/Erection, Testing and Commissioning of 11/0.4 kilo Voltage (kV) Distribution System in Dolakha district under the Grid Solar and Energy Efficiency Project (GSEEP) implemented through Nepal Electricity Authority (NEA). This project is extending new power supply lines in three districts, i.e. Dolakha, Ramechhap and Sindhuli. The Project covers 347 km high tension line (HT) and 928 KM low tension line (LT) in total. The scope also includes installing 220 nos. distribution transformers. The projects plans to electrify 9 Wards of three (3) Rural Municipality of Dolakha, 31 wards of two (2) municipality and four (4) Rural municipality of Ramechhap and 9 wards of two(2) Rural Municipality and some parts of one(1) Municipality of Sindhuli. The project will use covered type conductor (All Aluminum Alloy Conductor (AAAC) and Aluminum conductor steel reinforced (ACSR) conductor for 11 kV lines and for 0.4 kV lines, Arial Bundled Cable (ABC) will be used. Both conductors AAAC and ABC cable being covered type, the safety factor is high. In addition, these conductors help reduce the non-technical losses and also enhance the efficiency and reliability of the power supply in the project area. There is no effect of conductor touching the branches of tree. Hence, these conductors can be used in forest areas and also in a dense settlement where ROW (Right of Way) is less. This screening report is prepared based on the findings of environment and social screening carried out in 7 sections of Dolakha district.

2. Objectives

Environmental and Social Screening and its objectives: The site screening report has been prepared following the ESMF of the GSEEP project that mentions the requirement of the Environment and Social screening for activities with low impacts. The 11 kV and 0.4 kV distribution lines have no significant adverse impacts to human settlements, people and surrounding environments. Based on the screening findings, the environmental and social screening reports identifies adverse impacts caused by power supply lines as well as recommend appropriate mitigation measures.

The specific objectives of screenings are:

- To identify potential environmental and social issues/risks caused by the 11 kV/ 0.4 kV lines in the Dolakha district and take appropriate mitigation measures for their management.
- To establish the need to carry out any further investigation/survey/ assessment for preparation of safeguard plans like Environment and Social Management Plans (ESMPs), Resettlement Action Plan (RAP), Vulnerable Community Development Plans (VCDP) etc.

3. Methodology

The environmental and social screening checklist (see Annex 3) was used to collect the information from the site. The team visited the sites, consulted the site engineer from the contractor side, site in charge of NEA and jointly completed the data collection for the preparation of the summary report. The team also consulted locals from the villages including the Gauri Shankar Conservation Project (GCAP).

4. Site Description

This activities in Dolakha district consists of installation/erection of 11 kV and 0.4 kV line across the different area of district. The activities consist of 21.2 km of 11 kV line and 81.18 km of the 0.4 kV line. The number of poles is 424 and altogether 14 transformers will be installed in this district. The activities consist of new line alignment only and almost all the lines are designed to pass through the existing right of way of the national/rural roads in order to avoid the forest and private lands. Nevertheless, some sections of the line pass through the forest area and private agricultural land. New transformers will be installed at new load centers. Brief description of line alignment is listed below.

S. No.	Site Location	Length (km)	No. of Poles	Feeder	Rural Municipality (RM)
1	Ambatole – Jimthan	3.1	62	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
2	Chardobato– Karthel-1	3.9	78	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
3	Karthel-1 – Karthel-2	.85	17	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
4	Khopa – Saibatar	1.75	35	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
5	Saibatar – loating	4.85	97	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
6	Thapagaun – Federal	1.95	39	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
7	Yarsa - Ghorpang	4.8	96	Sunkoshi Feeder	Bigu RM
	Total	21.2	424		

Table 1: Description of line alignment in Dolakha district

5. Findings

Dolakha district consists of 7 different stretches where distribution expansion works are being carried out. It was also observed that most of the construction sites are located in accessible areas and road sides where construction works will be accomplished more easily. The environmental and social issues needing attention are briefly highlighted below.

5.1 Environmental Screening: Findings and Key Issues

According to screening carried out, no significant impacts were observed in 5 stretches out of 7 stretches. Only two (2) stretches have some minor issues (discussed below) which required some attention during construction. The supply of electricity will reduce pressure on forests by reducing fuel-wood demand and hence, may contribute to conservation objectives and greenery enhancement. The issues needing attention are briefly highlighted below.

- a. First, Khopa Saibatar (1.75km) stretch: This stretch is prone to landslide; therefore, the contractor should be reminded to identify proper spots before installing the poles.
- b. Second, Saibatar Loating (4.85 km): The Bigu Rural municipality (Alampu, Khopachaku, Bigu and Chalinkha) lies in the Gauri Shankar Conservation Area (GCA) and some sections of the line will pass through the buffer zone community forests. The proposed construction of 11kV/0.4kV lines will pass through the Intensive Use Zone/ Utility zone of GCA. Intensive Use zone generally includes-private and common property resources nearby the settlement where resources have already been highly impacted due to the human activities such as intensive farming, livestock practices, fodder/firewood collection, and community development activities. The area already has a number of roads under construction. In the given context, potential adverse impacts on the conservation area and environment will be none or minimal if: the electricity lines follow existing road's right of way, and covered type conductor (such as ABC cable) is used. The covered conductors can be safely used in forest areas and also in a dense settlement where Right of Way is less. The project/ NEA, to the extent as possible, will use the Road Right of Way for installation of electric poles and lines as well as for transformers, and covered cables will be used.

5.2 Social Screening: Key Issues and Findings Social screening reveals that the installation of 11 kV and 0.4 kV poles and lines in the district do not cause major adverse impacts to the households. The distribution line will either electrify villages with no means of Electricity or replace the solar power or micro hydro power which provides electricity from 6:00 pm onwards only. The project is expected to improve the livelihood of the community. Key issues identified through social screenings Followings are some issues identified by social screenings requiring due attention of the Project staff and contractors during the construction period.

- Significant adverse social impacts due to construction of the TL is not expected. However, the team is required to pay due attention to shift/reroute lines to avoid losses, any conflicts with the community.
- Most of the poles and distribution lines are designed to pass through the road sides. In case of poles falling in the private /agricultural land, the owners will be consulted, and the poles will be installed along the edges/ bonds and borders of the parcels to avoid the potential loss of land value.

- The site screening of the 11kV/ 0.4 kV lines reveals that limited sections of two stretches (Ambatole to Jimthan and Yarsa to Ghorpang) in Dolakha district pass through private agricultural land. Installation of poles and stringing the lines could lead to damage of crops. The affected family will be consulted and given advance notice to harvest crops.
- There is presence of Indigenous Peoples in the project area. Screening indicates that the IP community will not be affected due to construction of the TL. They are the beneficiaries of the TL.
- 6. Interaction with community people¹ along with the Chairman of Chalinkha, Ward 5 of Bigu Rural Municipality indicate the community are happy that their villages are being electrified as they will get reliable electricity 24 hours². Reliable power supply is expected to benefit not only the consumers but also to small and medium entrepreneurs in operating micro enterprisesConsultation with the GCAP office and local communities

The Project team had consultation with Project Manager of the Gauri Shankar Conservation area (GCA) and the local communities from Bigu Rural Municipality. GCAP is managed by the National Trust for Nature conservation (NTNC), following principles of participatory management, and within the framework of integrated conservation and development approach. GCA has its own Conservation Area Master Plan (2013-2017), which is planned to be updated. GCA Management Plan has divided GCA into three zones -Intensive Use zone, Semi Intensive use zone, and Wilderness zone. The Management Plan for the Intensive Use Zone includes interventions such as - plantation, improvement of natural forest management practices, restricting illegal hunting, alternative resources and income generating activities. The tourism and other infrastructure construction activities are allowed in this zone. Environmental and social consequences need to be assessed and restoration activities should be carried out if significant issues occur (source: GCA- Management Plan). Strategies of the Management Plan also address development needs of the local communities. For example, strategy IX says: Promote alternative energy technologies (promote use of environmentally clean alternative energy promotion), and strategy VII says: implement environmental safeguard measures to minimize adverse impact on tourism (promote, alternative technologies such as- micro hydro).

¹ Consultations were held with GCA staff and community in October 2019

² Currently Chalinka receives Electricity in the evening only sourced by a micro-hydro. Bigu and other villages are yet to be electrified.

The proposed construction of 11kV/0.4kV lines will pass through the Intensive Use Zone/ Utility zone. Intensive Use zone generally includes-private and common property resources nearby the settlement where resources have been highly impacted due to the human activities such as intensive farming, livestock practices, fodder and firewood collection.

Project/ NEA consulted with the GCA- Chief regarding the proposed electricity transmission lines and potential environmental impacts. The consultation concluded that potential adverse impacts on the conservation area will be none or minimal if:

- (i) the electricity lines follow existing road's right of way, and
- (ii) use covered cable (such as ABC).

The proposed activity is within the broad scope of the Management Plan and Strategy as explained in the previous paragraph. The electric line's alignment has been/ or will be chosen such that it will, avoid tree feeling and, to the extent possible, also avoid and minimize trimming activities in conservation area. In cases where tree trimming may be required, project would consult with the representatives of Forest User Group, try to minimize trimming, and make proper agreement with user's group committee for periodic trimming in the sites. The project will use Arial Bundled Cable (ABC) in the 11/0.4 kV transmission line, and the poles of the transmission line will be adjusted to avoid the tree felling.

In view of the GCAP Manager (Mr. Satya Narayan Sah), distribution system expansion/electrification project in Bigu Municipality, which lies in ACA, is a priority of the local communities, as there is strong demand from the communities for electrification of rural areas. Given the minimal environmental and social impact – low nature of risk with the distribution system expansion works using ABC, GCAP has plans to include explicit provisions for rural electrification in its upcoming revision of Periodic Development Plan of Bigu Rural Municipality. GCAP Manager also agreed to review the screening report and provide suggestion if needed.

The construction of 11 kV/0.4 kV lines is an important rural electrification activity benefiting the local people directly. It will enhance lively hood of local people to meet the objectives of GCA- Management Plan.

The project (NEA-PIU) had submitted Screening Report on November 20, 2019 to the GCA for the feedback. GCA- Office has provided consent to the Screening Report on December 12, 2019 saying that "it is okay for further action."

7. Conclusion

The screening results show that 11 kV poles and lines alignment may cause minimal or no significant adverse environmental and social impacts as the alignment will follow existing trail and rural road's right of way (with no tree felling), and use covered cable (such as ABC). The line route/poles are not proposed close to any touristic viewpoints, wetlands, and sites of cultural / religious / archeological / historic significance and locations of poles falling in any landslide & erosion prone/ risk spot.

The screening results show no major social safeguards issues resulting in major impacts to the people/communities. Considering this, there is no need of preparing Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP), RAP and VCDP for the 11 kV lines. Due to the execution of project, all the people will be getting electricity for the first time from integrated national power system (INPS). With the construction of these lines, the beneficiaries will benefit from reliable power supply. There will be no significant adverse effect to the people and the environment.

8. Recommendations:

As screening shows no significant adverse environmental impacts, following recommendations are made in carrying out the erection of poles and stringing of cables:

- Ensure that electric poles, the electricity lines follow existing road's right of way, and covered cable (such as ABC) is used. Transformers, to the extent possible, should located within the Road's right of way or away from forests and other sensitive sites.
- Ensure that there is no tree felling, and pole(s) and electric lines' locations are adjusted to avoid and minimize trimming also. Higher attention is paid for the stretches passing through conservation area and Community Forest.
- Avoid stretches and pole erections in religious area/ playgrounds/ close to any touristic view points, wetlands, and sites of cultural / religious / archeological / historic significance if any (select alternative route or sites).
- Avoid locations of poles falling in any landslide & erosion prone/ risk spot.
- Maintain minimum industry standards during the survey and design of distribution line
- Ensure that the project activity does not damage environment.
- All the workers will be provided personal safety equipment like boots, belts, helmets, gloves etc. to work in the sites. The workers will be provided with hygienic labor camps and sanitation.

- The Project is recommended to make joint planning in consultations with the local communities and leaders to avoid any potential adverse impacts during the erection of poles and cable stringing in private land.
- The contractors are required to work in close coordination with the local people/ beneficiaries and carry out the construction works as per agreed schedule/norms. Any kind of losses viz crop/tree/orchard etc. should be avoided to the extent possible. In case of such losses, the Project/contractors should provide due compensation.
- Any consultations/agreed actions with the locals should be documented properly.
- Ensure that all applicable legal provisions and standards of the country are complied with.

Significant adverse social impacts are not expected. However, the project is recommended to take following measures to avoid and minimize any adverse impacts on the community:

- The project will carry out free, prior and informed consultations with the concerned communities. Information to the concerned community and other stakeholders of the project activities will be provided in local language through different media – public hearing, notice, etc.
- The Project will avoid/minimize any losses due to construction of TL. In case of poles falling in the private /agricultural land, the owners will be consulted, and the poles will be installed along the edges/ bonds and borders of the parcels to avoid the potential loss of land value. The affected family will be consulted and given advance notice to harvest crops. In case of any damage to crops, the affected family will be compensated as per the Resettlement Policy Framework prepared by the Project.
- The Project team and the contractors will work closely in consultation with respective Municipality staff and local people so that any issues/disputes raised in the sites will be resolved locally.
- The Project will establish grievance redress mechanism for the project and inform the local communities and other stakeholders about the mechanism, GRC committee formed for the Project. The Project will ensure timely response to any complaints received.
- In case of issues/disputes occurred during pole installation in private land or village and markets, the contractor will not work in the field until the resolution of issues through joint consensus. Such problems should be resolved in consultation with the affected party, concerned community people, local government representative.
- Discussions and decision taken in consultation with the affected family and local community decision should be documented along with photographs.
- Project will pay full attention to ensure that the lines do not pass through the cultural and religious sites (temples/gumbas and heritages).

S.N	Name of Local Representatives (chair person of different ward.)	Name of Municipality and Wards
1.	Khem Bdr. Khadka	Bigu Rural Municipality- 8 Khopa chaku
2.	Nim chhiri sherpa	Bigu Rural Municipality-7, Bigu
3.	Padam Bdr. Thami	Bigu Rural Municipality-6, Aalampu
4.	Madhukar Gurung, Ward Chief	Bigu Rural Municipality-5, Chilanka
5	Mr. Satya Narayan Shah,	Project Manager, GSCAP
6.	Madan Thami	Bigu rural Municipality, Nuwa Construction
7.	Nim Dorge Tamang	Chapsara, Bigu Rural Municipality

Annex 1: List of people consulted/key informants name/photographs



Pic 1: Interaction in Chapsara Bigu RM,



Pic 2: Poling at Aalampu, Bigu RM

Annex 2: Google map showing the alignment



Khopa - saibatar (Bigu Rural Municapality, khopachaku)





Ambatole – Jimthan (Bigu Rural Municipality, Bigu)



Krthel-1 – karthel-2 (Bigu Rural municipality, Chailanga)

Annex 3: Sample Checklist

Environmental Safeguard Checklist for substation distribution line 11kV

Project: Grid Solar and Energy efficiency Project (GSEEP) Comp-3(Dolakha, Ramechhap and Sindhuli)

- A. Distric : Dolakha, (Bigu Ga.Pa Chailanga)
- B. Name of Sites : Saibatar to Loating (4.85 km HT 11kV)
- C. Total number of poles to be erected : 97 (11m and 10m)
- D. General Information:

SN	Particulars	Yes/No	Total km and number of poles covering areas if response is "Yes"	Remarks (Please specify relevant information to supplement the response)
D1.	Does the distribution line passes through Forest area, protected area or area already proposed for protection.	NO	-	All the poles are along side of road. In some place Site consists of very few trees along side of road.
D2.	Does the distribution route as well as locations of poles (supports) and transformers cross diagonally playground/ common property.	NO	-	All poles are along side of roads and avoided to cross all type of property.
D3.	Does distribution line rout/poles are proposed to close to any touristic view points, wetlands, and sites of cultural / religious / archeological / historic significance.	NO	-	All poles are erected along the road side and there is no any such type of place in this roots.
D4.	Does the distribution line/ route and locations of poles are falling in any landslide & erosion prone/ risk spot where geological avoidance is not feasible.	NO	-	Area being fully hilly but solid land. No steep hills to cause landslide & erosion

D5.	Does the distribution line passing through areas specially known for herbs and non-forest timber products (NTPF) and/or known habitat or migration / movement route of protected rare and endangered species	NO	-	No any herbs are known.
D6.	Has the survey and design of distribution	line maint	ained minimum C	learance (11KV) : (check as
	per government/NEA standard if applicat	ole)		
D6.1	Normal ground and trails for pedestrian	5.5 m		
	only			
D6.2	Residential area	5.8 m		
D6.3	Highway, Road and streets	5.8 m		All the poles are erected
D6.4	Horizontal distance from building or	1.25 m		according to the NEA
	structure upon which human may stand			standard.
D6.5	Power lines or telephone lines (above	1.2 m		
	or below)			
7.	Other if any			

E. Mitigation measures:

	Particulars	Mitigation measures	Responsibility	Remarks
E1.	If route passes through forest area and tree cutting is required.	NA		No any forest or trees falls under the line alignment because we avoid the tree to fall under the line alignment.
E2.	If the distribution line/ route and locations of poles are falling in any landslide & erosion prone/ risk spot where geological avoidance is not feasible.	NA		Line passes through roadside. No such problems seen.
E3.	To maintain minimum clearance as per government/NEA standard.	NA		All poles are within standard

E4.	If existing transformers are			There is no any
	replaced with new one. How to			scope to replace
	manage to those replaced one	NA		the existing
				transformer. All
				line is new.
E5.	Occupational health and safety			Workers are
	measures of the works during the	Helmets, gloves and		facilitated with
	erection/installation of	Safety belts are used.		proper house
	poles/cables	Proper Shelter and	Contractor	within the site
		sanitation facilities are		along with
		also provided		safety
				instruments.
E6.	Issues related to influx of			No any such
	labor/labor camp and sanitation	NA		issues are
				encountered
E7.	Other if any			

Note: Kindly response mitigation measures with example if any alternative option has been selected/proposed during the survey and design of route. Mitigations measures stated shall be implemented during construction and operation phase.

Each package of the proposal (distribution line) will be subject to environmental screening and environmental compliance monitoring.

Conclusion and Recommendation:

This site does not consist of forest tree that needed to be cut down. The work route is along the accessible road. This site is fully new line alignment so the community is very joyful to help the project if needed. Since this project is electrifying the villages, the community is helpful too. In any cases, branches cutting are needed, branches trimming can be done in the presence of local committee officers/representatives. Also this project is of covered conductor and Arial Bundled Cable (ABC) cable it has high value of safety to people benefitted by these lines.

Information compiled by:

Name: Hikmat Bdr. B.C.	Designation:	Asst. Engineer	Date: 26 June 2019
Verified /endorsed by:			
Name: Prakash Raut	Designation:	Project Chief	Date: 26 June 2019

Social Screening Checklist: 11 kV Transmission Line, Grid Solar Project

Screening Site : Thapagaun to Federal (1.95 km HT 11kV)

District: Dolakha Palika: Bigu Ga.Pa – Chailanga

S.No.	Particulars	Response (Yes/No)	Remarks (Please specify relevant information to supplement the response)
1	Does the transmission line involve physical/ construction works?	No	Only distribution poles (11m) are erected
2	Does the TL pass through private land and settlements? If yes, specify. Also prepare a sketch of the stretch in separate page where the TL passes.	No	Most of the lines pass along the road and government land. Some portion of two sections (Ambatole to Jimthan and Yarsa to Ghorpang) pass through private land.
3	How many poles are installed in total?	39	11 m & 10 m poles are erected
4	How many poles are installed in private land?	No	Lines passes along the roadside
5	Specify the type of private land where the TL passes (agri land, barren land, urban/rural)	-	Very few poles will be installed in agri land as stated above in S.No. 2
6	Is the TL alignment free from encroachers/squatters?	Yes	No any Encroachers/squatters noticed
7	Does the TL affect the land value?	No	Poles are erected at end point of land to minimize impact on land value
8	Does the TL damage any private house/structure? If yes, specify the details in separate page (owner, type of damage, value of land, house/structure)	No	No any private house or structure is affected.
8	Are people happy to contribute the land free of cost(donation) for TL construction in private land?	Yes	Distribution line is constructed along the road. Poles will be erected at edge of land, and people will let us erect pole in their land free of cost where needed.

9	Or do they have any expectations in leu of their	No	People are delighted of being
	lands being used for poles installation and TL		electrified community
	stringing? If yes, get more information.		
in10	Does the construction work damage standing	No	Usually erection is done at
	crops/ fruit trees/ other trees? If yes, what is		harvesting time.
	the value?		5
11	Does the line damage public properties/	No	Poles are erected alongside road, so
	resources/utilities? If yes, get more		no any public properties damaged.
	information.		
12	Does the TL affect private land temporarily	No	Lands are affect only while erecting
	during construction? If yes, get more		the poles , which requires very less
	information.		area land
13	Are the hhs going to get electricity from the TL?	Yes	
14	Are people ready to cooperate the construction	Yes	
	of lines?		
16	What other benefits are locals getting from the		Local people are getting electricity
	TL (electricity, employment etc)?		after finishing the TL construction
			and Get employment during
			construction.
16	Other issues if any?		
10			
	Indigenous People/Vulnerable Ethnic Group		
16	Are any vulnerable households including	No	The communities comprise mixed
	Janaatis/ dalits affected directly by TL?		social groups including IPs (Tamang,
			Gurung, Thami) but are not
			affected adversely; people are
			happy with the electrification.
17	If yes, how many and where? Please get more	NA	
	information separately? Also specify the		
	IP/ethnic groups affected.		
10			
18	the IDs (other are used and IVelihood sources of	NA	
	the PS/ ethnic groups and Dalits?		
19	Are the IPs/Dalits informed about the TL	Yes	Every people in community knows
	construction?		about the project.
1			

20	Are they ready to contribute /donate the land	Yes	If needed, the people will allow the
	for poles installation?		project to erect the poles on their
			private land.
21	Are they involved in construction works?	Yes	In every sections/lines, almost all
			labors are local.
22	If yes, how much wage do they get on daily	Yes	As per regulation of country
	basis?		
23	Are these people getting electricity from this	Yes	Whole Community is getting
	TL?		electricity.
24	Are local women also involved as workers? If	No	
	yes, how many? How much is their wage?		
25	Other information		
25			
	Screening result		
	While screening this stretch no any adverse effe	ct on the soc	iety is seen. Since the villages are going
	to be electrified, the peoples are very optimistic a	bout the pro	ject. They are willing to help the project.
	Very few poles might passes through the agri-l	and and the	owners are supportive and letting the
	project to creat the poles. Poles are created a		of the land so that its value does not
	project to elect the poles. Poles are elected a	at the edge of	of the failu so that its value does not
	decrease/affect. Community is ready to help as t	.ney can.	
	Recommend ations: Based on the findings of the	screening fo	ollowing recommendations are made
		501001116,10	
	The poling and cable stringing works should b	be carried ou	ut in close consultation with the local
	communities. All construction works need to be c	arried out av	oiding the crop damages or other losses
	(private trees orchards)		
	Any disputes/conflicts between project and	people shoul	ld be resolved through consultations
	involving local government representatives (War	d Chief/mem	bers) Record of consultations including
	nhotographs should be maintained	a entery mem	
	In IP communities, the project should comply wit	h Free Prior I	nformed consultation and keep records
	of such consultations		
	All the grievances raised by the public should be	e handled/ma	anaged by the project staff / contractor
	and documented properly.		
	Priority should be given to employ the local peo	ple, especiall	ly from vulnerable communities.
	Prepared by: Hikmat Bahadur B.C. Date: 26-jun	e-2019	

Annex 4: Assurance letter for No tree felling

Ref: 2076/077 - 120	Date: September 9, 201
To, World Bank Office Yak and Yeti Hotel, Kathmandu	
Reference: GSEEP/W/ICB-03: Des Commissioning of 11/0.4	ign, Supply, Installation/Erection, Testing ar kV Distribution System.
Subject: Avoiding tree felling along the	11 kV Line.
During the Environmental and Social Sci social aspects of 11kV distribution line revisited in recognition of the potential has been decided that All Aluminum All and the poles of the DLs will be adjusted of trees, if needed, will be done in cons authority and community forests grou compliance monitoring report will be sh Thanking you. Sincerely yours,	reening process, we have discussed environmental ar is. Planning and Design of the 11kV DLs have been impacts on the forests and loss of trees. As a result, loy Conductor (AAAC) will be used in the 11kV DL to avoid the need of tree felling. Trimming of branch sultations and coordination with the respective fore ups. This will be strictly enforced. The bimonth ared with the World Bank.
(Prakash Raut) Project Manager	
CC: The Project Coordinator, GSEEP	