



नेपाल राजपत्र

श्री ५ को सरकारद्वारा प्रकाशित

खण्ड ४६)

काठमाडौं, जेठ २८ गते २०५३ साल

(संख्या ९

भाग ३

श्री ५ को सरकार

अर्थ मन्त्रालयको सूचना

श्री ५ को सरकारले आर्थिक ऐन, २०५२ को दफा २१ ले दिएको अधिकार प्रयोग गरी हिमाल पावर लिमिटेडले खिम्ती-१ जल विद्युत आयोजनाको लागि विभिन्न ऋणदाताहरूसँग आफ्नो अचल सम्पत्ति धितोमा राखी लिने कर्जाहरूको लिखित रजिष्ट्रेशन गराउँदा लाग्ने रजिष्ट्रेशन दस्तुर पूर्णरूपले छूट दिने निर्णय गरेकोले यो सूचना प्रकाशित गरिएको छ ।

आज्ञाले,
रामविनोद भट्टराई
श्री ५ को सरकारको सचिव

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

भाग ४

श्री ५ को सरकार

गृह मन्त्रालयको

सूचना १

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति २०५३०८१६ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित द्वितीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरूलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरेको छ ।

क्र.सं.	नाम, पद	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री दुर्गाराज शर्मा	उप निर्देशक, कारागार व्यवस्थापन विभाग ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रुपन्देही ।
२.	श्री विष्णु नाथ शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बाँके ।	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ताप्लेजुङ ।
३.	श्री भरतमणि रिसाल	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, संखुवासभा ।	उप निर्देशक, कारागार व्यवस्थापन विभाग ।
४.	श्री ओम प्रसाद गौतम	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनकुटा ।
५.	श्री वैकुण्ठ बहादुर अधिकारी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रुपन्देही ।	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, संखुवासभा ।
६.	श्री मान प्रसाद प्रधान	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनकुटा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कैलाली ।
७.	श्री माधव प्रसाद रेग्मी	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ताप्लेजुङ ।	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ओखलढुंगा ।
८.	श्री स्थिर जंग ब. सिंह	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कैलाली ।	राजपत्राङ्कित द्वितीय श्रेणी, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत ।
९.	श्री भानुभक्त पोखरेल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिराहा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

सूचना २

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति ०५२।८।६ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरुलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरेको छ।

क्र.सं.	नाम, घर	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री तारा बहादुर कार्की	राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तर्गत।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत।
२.	श्री सुर्य प्रसाद श्रेष्ठ	राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तर्गत।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मुस्ताङ्ग।
३.	श्री प्रेम नारायण शर्मा	राज पत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तर्गत।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।
४.	श्री नारदमणी काफ्ले	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत।
५.	श्री नारायण प्रसाद पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत।
६.	श्री भक्त बहादुर रायमाझी	शाखा अधिकृत, विशेष प्रहरी विभाग।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।
७.	श्री खेम राज कोइराला	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनकुटा।
८.	श्री दुर्गा नाथ गौतम	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रौतहट।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सुर्खेत।
९.	श्री जगदीश रेग्मी	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, तुल्सीपुर दाङ्ग।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय।
१०.	श्री कोशल राज शर्मा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सुर्खेत।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गुल्मी।
११.	श्री धीरेन्द्र बहादुर बानिया	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, चितवन।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी।
१२.	श्री प्रेम प्रसाद पौडेल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बझाङ्ग।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, बाँके।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

१३. श्री शेष कान्त शर्मा	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, मभगवा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन कार्यालय, कावासोती ।
१४. श्री किरण शिवाकोटी	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, हरिओन ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कैलाली ।
१५. श्री नन्दीकेशर त्रिपाठी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, लमजुङ्ग ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मनाङ्ग ।
१६. श्री बासु प्रसाद कोइराला	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चन्द्रनिगाहापुर, रौतहट ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दैलेख ।
१७. श्री गिरीधारी ढकाल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दैलेख ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, पाल्पा ।
१८. श्री तारा प्रसाद भट्टराई	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, बुटवल ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, चितवन ।
१९. श्री मोहन वाग्ले	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, भापा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मकवानपुर ।
२०. श्री गिरिन्द्रराज घिमिरे	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन कार्यालय चन्द्रोटा, कपिलबस्तु ।
२१. श्री शेखर प्रधान	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कपिलबस्तु ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, तुल्सीपुर ।
२२. श्री होम बहादुर खड्का	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, खोटाङ्ग ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सुनसरी ।
२३. श्री एकेश्वर रेग्मी	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, कंचनपुर, सप्तरी ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, नुवाकोट ।
२४. श्री बैकुण्ठ प्रसाद पौडेल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, भापा ।
२५. श्री माधव प्रसाद पोखरेल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, भापा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिराहा ।
२६. श्री बिष्णु प्रसाद पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, सिमाना प्रशासन च्याङथापु ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, जगन्नाथ देवल ।
२७. श्री टेकराज ज्ञवाली	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, लमही ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सिमाना प्रशासन शाखा, ओलाङ्चुङ्गगोला ।
२८. श्री भीम प्रसाद अधिकारी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मनाङ्ग ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, संखुवासभा ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

२९. श्री यज्ञराज जोशी	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चन्द्रौटा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सीमा प्रशासन शाखा, लोमाडथान ।
३०. श्री डण्डुराज घिमिरे	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, इलाम ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, हुम्ला ।
३१. श्री शंभू प्रसाद मरासीनी	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, पर्सा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रोल्पा ।
३२. श्री दामोदर पन्त	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मुस्ताङ्ग ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पाल्पा ।
३३. श्री भगवती देवी शर्मा	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन कार्यालय, कास्की, पोखरा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कास्की, पोखरा ।
३४. श्री बिनोद खनाल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मकवानपुर ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, भद्रा ।
३५. श्री चिरन्जीवी भण्डारी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पाल्पा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, रुपन्देही ।
३६. श्री राजेन्द्र प्रसाद घिमिरे	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मकवानपुर ।
३७. श्री सीताराम पोखरेल	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार व्यवस्थापन विभाग ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, काठमाण्डौ ।
३८. श्री दिनेश शर्मा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सुनसरी ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, त्रिभुवनवस्ती, कचनपुर ।
३९. श्री कृष्ण प्रसाद रेग्मी	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दाङ्ग ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कपिलवस्तु ।
४०. श्री बुद्धि बहादुर के सी	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, रुपन्देही ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, म्याग्दी ।
४१. श्री राम प्रसाद भट्टराई	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चैनपुर, संखुवासभा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बारा ।
४२. श्री शिव प्रसाद नेपाल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बारा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनुषा ।
४३. श्री मुकुन्द प्रसाद ढकाल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, अर्घाखाँची ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

४४.	श्री शिवराम पोखरेल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पाँचथर ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बैतडी ।
४५.	श्री सुरेन्द्र पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, भुपा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रुकुम ।
४६.	श्री टीकाराम शर्मा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, नरेनापुर ।
४७.	श्री केशर बहादुर के.सी.	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मोरङ्ग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, लमही ।
४८.	श्री खड्गराज शर्मा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिराहा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, हरिवन ।
४९.	श्री कमल कान्त रेग्मी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, संखुवासभा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन कार्यालय, रंगेली ।
५०.	श्री नारदमणी काफ्ले	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत ।
५१.	श्री नारायण प्रसाद पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत ।
५२.	श्री भीमसेन रम्दाली	शाखा अधिकृत, प्रहरी किताब खाना ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।
५३.	श्री माथवर कुमार अधिकारी	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, काठमाण्डौ ।
५४.	श्री लोक दर्शन रेग्मी	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, पाल्पा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
५५.	श्री उद्वव बहादुर थापा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, काठमाण्डौ ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
५६.	श्री लोकराज श्रेष्ठ	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, पर्सा ।
५७.	श्री शिव प्रसाद नेपाल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ललितपुर ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, भुपा ।
५८.	श्री शंकर नविन चिलवाल	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, विशेष प्रहरी विभाग ।
५९.	श्री डुल्लुराज बस्नेत	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
६०.	श्री टेकवीरजंग रायमाझी	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तर्गत ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

६१.	श्री नेत्र प्रसाद भट्टराई	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तरगत ।
६२.	श्री गणेश राई	शाखा अधिकृत, केन्द्रिय सेवा विभाग ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तरगत ।
६३.	श्री प्रदिप अधिकारी	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सिमा प्रशासन शाखा, लामा बगर, दोलखा ।
६४.	श्री वत्स आचार्य	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
६५.	श्री नारायण प्रसाद रिमाल	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सदरखोर, डिल्ली बजार ।
६६.	श्री डिल्ली प्रसाद शिवाकोटी	शाखा अधिकृत, सदरखोर डिल्लीबजार ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
६७.	श्री हरिकृष्ण प्रसाद उपाध्याय	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, काठमाण्डौ ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ललितपुर ।
६८.	श्री ज्ञानप्रसाद शर्मा पंगेती	राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तरगत ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
६९.	श्री राजकुमार निरौला	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिन्धुपाल्चोक ।
७०.	श्री नन्द प्रसाद पौडेल	राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तरगत ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, चितवन ।
७१.	श्री हरिदत्त पाण्डे	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सीमा प्रशासन शाखा, सिर्दिवास ।
७२.	श्री गोपाल प्रसाद रेग्मी	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, जगन्नाथ देवल ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मोरङ ।
७३.	श्री चन्द्रनाथ शर्मा	राजपत्रांकित तृतीय श्रेणी, गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तरगत ।	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, मझगवा, रुपन्देही ।
७४.	श्री शम्भु प्रसाद घिमिरे	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार शाखा, बाँके ।	शाखा अधिकृत, कारागार व्यवस्थापन विभाग ।
७५.	श्री अनिरुद्र ठाकुर	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, मकवानपुर ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ईलाम ।
७६.	श्री चुडामणी शर्मा	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कास्की ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ओखलढुङ्गा ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

७७. श्री सूर्य कोईराला	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, प्यूठान ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दाङ ।
७८. श्री राधाकृष्ण शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गुल्मी ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, प्यूठान ।
७९. श्री सूर्य प्रसाद भट्टराई	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, रंगेली ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सुर्खेत ।
८०. श्री चन्द्र प्रसाद देवकोटा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रोल्पा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दाङ ।
८१. श्री सिताराम कार्की	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, लहान ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पाँचथर ।
८२. श्री उपेन्द्र बहादुर दुङ्गना	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, हुम्ला ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, खोटाङ ।
८३. श्री लेख बहादुर रावल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, वैतडी ।	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, वुटवल ।
८४. श्री परशुराम अर्याल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रामेछाप ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी ।
८५. श्री बामदेव शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गोरखा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रामेछाप ।
८६. श्री थानप्रसाद पञ्जानी	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	शाखा अधिकृत, प्रहरी किताब खाना ।
८७. श्री गंगा सागर ढकाल	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तरगत ।
८८. श्री भिम प्रसाद संग्रौला	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	शाखा अधिकृत, केन्द्रिय सेवा विभाग ।
८९. श्री भरत पौडेल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बागलुङ ।	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

९०. श्री मुरारी प्रसाद शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ओखलढुङ्गा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, लहान ।
९१. श्री दीनानाथ दाहाल	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, उदयपुर ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सप्तरी ।
९२. श्री भगवान श्रेष्ठ	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिन्धुपाल्चोक ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सिमा प्रशासन शाखा, नाम्चे ।
९३. श्री बल बहादुर मल्ल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, दाङ ।	शाखा अधिकृत, सिमा प्रशासन शाखा, व्यास छ्याङरु, दार्चुला ।
९४. श्री रमेश कुमार श्रेष्ठ	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनकुटा ।	अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन विभाग वा अन्तरगत ।
९५. श्री हिमनाथ दबाडी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सोलुखुम्बु ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिन्धुली ।
९६. श्री जितेन्द्र भण्डारी	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनुषा ।	शाखा अधिकृत, ईलाका प्रशासन शाखा, कंचनपुर ।
९७. श्री रामराज सुवेदी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, नुवाकोट ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गोरखा ।
९८. श्री पशुपति नाथ शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रुकुम ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, लमजुङ ।
९९. श्री क्षेत्र बहादुर भण्डारी	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, चितवन ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, पर्सा ।
१००. श्री सूर्य प्रसाद काफ्ले	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, अर्घाखाँची ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, बाग्लुङ ।
१०१. श्री हरीहर दाहाल	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सप्तरी ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, उदयपुर ।

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सूचना ३

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति ०५२।८।१५ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरुलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरिएको छ ।

क्र.सं.	नाम, थर	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री वामदेव शर्मा	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रामेछाप ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गोरखा ।
२.	श्री राम राज सुवेदी	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, गोरखा ।	प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रौतहट ।
३.	श्री कविराज पौडेल क्षेत्री	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, तनहुँ ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चन्द्रनिगाहपुर ।
४.	श्री कृष्ण राज त्रिपाठी	गृह मन्त्रालय वा अन्तर्गत ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, लमजुङ ।
५.	श्री लोकराज श्रेष्ठ	जेलर, कारागार शाखा, पर्सा ।	जेलर, सदरखोर, डिल्लीबजार ।
६.	श्री विष्णु प्रसाद पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, केन्द्रीय कारागार जगन्नाथ देवल ।	शाखा अधिकृत, विशेष प्रहरी विभाग ।
७.	श्री पशुपति शर्मा	नाथ सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, लमजुङ ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, तनहुँ ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

८. श्री नारायण प्रसाद जेलर, शाखा अधिकृत,
रिमाल सदरखोर, डिल्लीबजार । केन्द्रीय कारागार, जगन्नाथ
देवल ।
९. श्री परशुराम अर्याल प्रशासकीय अधिकृत, जिल्ला सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला
प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी । जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय,
रामेछाप ।
१०. श्री शंभु प्रसाद सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला प्रशासकीय अधिकृत,
मरासिनी अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय,
मोरङ ।
कार्यालय, रोल्पा ।
११. श्री राजेन्द्र राज सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला शाखा अधिकृत,
अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन सिमा प्रशासन शाखा,
सिर्दिवास ।
कार्यालय, मुगु । गोरखा ।
१२. श्री खेमराज कोइराला सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला शाखा अधिकृत,
अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन गृह मन्त्रालय ।
कार्यालय, धनकुटा ।

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सूचना ४

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति ०५२।८।१७ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरुलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरिएको छ :-

क्र.सं.	नाम, थर	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री शेखर प्रधान	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, तुल्सीपुर, दाङ ।	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चन्द्रौटा ।
२.	श्री गिरेन्द्र राज घिमिरे	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, चन्द्रौटा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, धनकुटा ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

सूचना ५

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति ०५२।८।२९ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित तृतीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरूलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरिएको छ :-

क्र.सं.	नाम, थर	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री मोहन बहादुर के.सी.	शाखा अधिकृत, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, रोल्पा ।
२.	श्री विश्वनाथ चापागाईं	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ताप्लेजुङ ।	प्रशासकिय अधिकृत, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, महोत्तरी ।
३.	श्री विष्णु प्रसाद पौडेल	शाखा अधिकृत, इलाका प्रशासन शाखा, दमक, भद्रापा ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कालिकोट ।
४.	श्री तोयम राया	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, कालीकोट ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ताप्लेजुङ ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

सूचना ६

श्री ५ को सरकारले मिति ०५२।८।२४ को निर्णयानुसार नेपाल प्रशासन सेवा, सामान्य प्रशासन समूहका राजपत्राङ्कित द्वितीय श्रेणीका देहायका अधिकृतहरुलाई देहाय बमोजिम सरुवा गरिएको छ :-

क्र.सं.	नाम, थर	साविक पद र कार्यालय	हाल सरुवा भएको पद र कार्यालय
१.	श्री केदार मान अमात्य	उपसचिव, गृह मन्त्रालय ।	उप निर्देशक, केन्द्रिय सेवा विभाग ।
२.	श्री श्याम प्रसाद मैनाली	प्रमुख अध्यागमन अधिकृत, अध्यागमन कार्यालय, त्रिभुवन अन्तराष्ट्रिय विमानस्थल ।	उप सचिव, गृह मन्त्रालय ।
३.	श्री मोदराज डोटेल	प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, ताप्लेजुङ ।	निर्देशक, प्रहरी किताव खाना ।
४.	श्री नवीन कुमार घिमिरे	उप निर्देशक, केन्द्रीय सेवा विभाग ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, चाँके ।
५.	श्री तुलसी प्रसाद भट्टराई	निर्देशक, प्रहरी कितावखाना ।	सहायक प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी, जिल्ला प्रशासन कार्यालय, सिराहा ।

आज्ञाले,
कोष कुमार नेम्वाङ्ग
(कानून अधिकृत)
उप-सचिव

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

भाग ५

श्री ५ को सरकार

कानून तथा न्याय मन्त्रालयको सूचना

नेपाल अधिराज्य र नर्वे अधिराज्यका बीच मिति २०५३ साल बैशाख ३१ गते तदनुसार मे १३, १९९६ का दिन सम्पन्न आय तथा पूँजीमा लाग्ने करहरूका सम्बन्धमा दोहोरो कर आरोपणबाट मुक्ति तथा वित्तीय छल निरोधसम्बन्धी संझौता (Agreement for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion With Respect to Taxes on Income and on Capital) को प्रामाणिक प्रति नेपाल सन्धि ऐन, २०४७ को दफा १२ को प्रयोजनको लागि प्रकाशित गरिएको छ ।

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

AGREEMENT

between

THE KINGDOM OF NEPAL

and

THE KINGDOM OF NORWAY

**FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION
AND
THE PREVENTION OF FISCAL EVASION WITH RESPECT
TO
TAXES ON INCOME AND ON CAPITAL**

**HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT OF NEPAL and THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE KINGDOM OF NORWAY** desiring to conclude an agreement for the Avoidance of
Double Taxation and the prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to taxes on income and
on capital, have agreed as follows:

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

Article 1

PERSONAL SCOPE

This Agreement shall apply to persons who are residents of one or both of the contracting States.

Article 2

TAXES COVERED

1. This Agreement shall apply to taxes on income and on capital imposed by a Contracting State.
2. There shall be regarded as taxes on income and on capital, all taxes imposed on total income, on total capital, or on elements of income or of capital, including taxes on the amounts of wages or salaries paid by enterprises as well as taxes on capital appreciation.
3. The existing taxes to which the Agreement shall apply are in particular:
 - a) in Norway:
 - i) the national tax on income (inntektsskatt til staten);
 - ii) the county municipal tax on income (inntektsskatt til fylkeskommunen) ;
 - iii) the municipal tax on income (inntektsskatt til kommunen) ;
 - iv) the national contributions to the Tax Equalisation Fund (fellesskatt til Skattefordelingsfondet);
 - v) the national tax on capital (formuesskatt til staten);
 - vi) the municipal tax on capital (formuesskatt til kommunen); and
 - vii) the national dues on remuneration to non-resident artistes (avgift til staten av honorarer som tilfaller kunstnere bosatt i utlandet);(hereinafter referred to as " Norwegian tax");
 - b) in Nepal ;
 - i) Income tax imposed under The Income tax Act ; and

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

- ii) Property tax imposed under The property tax Act ;
(hereinafter referred to as " Nepalese Tax ")
- 4. The Agreement shall apply also to any identical or substantially similar taxes which are imposed by either Contracting State after the date of signature of the Agreement in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes.

Article 3

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - a) the term "Norway" means the Kingdom of Norway, the term does not comprise svalbard, Jan Mayen and the Norwegian dependencies ("biland");
 - b) the term "Nepal" means the Kingdom of Nepal;
 - c) the term "nationals" means:
 - (i) all individuals possessing the nationality of a Contracting State;
 - (ii) all legal persons, partnerships and associations deriving their status as such from the laws in force in a Contracting State;
 - d) the term "person" includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;
 - e) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity which is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
 - f) the terms "a Contracting State" and "the other Contracting State" mean Norway (excluding dependencies) or Nepal as context requires;
 - g) the terms "enterprise of a Contracting State" and "enterprise of the other Contracting State" mean respectively an enterprise carried on by a resident of a contracting state and an enterprise carried on by a resident of the other Contracting State;
 - h) the term "international traffic" means any transport by a ship or aircraft operated by an enterprise of a Contracting State, except when the ship or aircraft is operated solely between places in the other Contracting State;
 - i) the "competent authority" means:

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- (i) in Norway, the Minister of Finance and Customs or his authorised representative;
 - (ii) in Nepal, Minister of Finance or his authorised representative.
2. As regards the application of the Agreement by a Contracting State any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning which it has under the law of that State concerning the taxes to which the Agreement applies.

Article 4

RESIDENT

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the term "resident of a Contracting State" means any person who, under the laws of that State, is liable to tax therein by reason of his domicile, residence, place of management or any other criterion of a similar nature. But this term does not include any person who is liable to tax in that State in respect only of income from sources in that State or capital situated therein.
2. Where by reason of the provisions of paragraph 1 an individual is a resident of both Contracting States, then his status shall be determined as follows:
 - a) he shall be deemed to be a resident of the State in which he has a permanent home available to him; if he has a permanent home available to him in both States, he shall be deemed to be a resident of the State with which his personal and economic relations are closer (centre of vital interest);
 - b) if the State in which he has his centre of vital interests cannot be determined, or if he has not a permanent home available to him in either State, he shall be deemed to be a resident of the State in which he has an habitual abode;
 - c) if he has an habitual abode in both States or in neither of them, he shall be deemed to be a resident of the State of which he is a national;
 - d) if he is a national of both States or of neither of them, the competent authorities of the Contracting States shall settle the question by mutual agreement.
3. Where by reason of the provision of paragraph 1, a person other than an individual is a resident of both Contracting States, then it shall be deemed to be a resident of the State in which its place of effective management is situated.

Article 5

PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the term "permanent establishment" means a fixed place of business through which the business of an enterprise is wholly or partly carried on.
2. The term "permanent establishment" includes especially:
 - a) a place of management;
 - b) a branch;
 - c) an office;
 - d) a factory;
 - e) a workshop;
 - f) a mine, an oil or gas well, a quarry or any other place of extraction of natural resources, and
 - g) a warehouse.
3. A building site, a construction, assembly or installation project or a supervisory or consultancy activity connected therewith constitutes a permanent establishment only if such site, project or activity lasts for a period of more than 6 months.
4. The term "permanent establishment" also includes the furnishing of services by an enterprise through employees or other personnel, where activities continue within the country for a period or periods aggregating more than 183 days in any period of twelve months.
5. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Article, the term "permanent establishment" shall be deemed not to include:
 - a) the use of facilities solely for the purpose of storage or display of goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise;
 - b) the maintenance of a stock of goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise solely for the purpose of storage or display;
 - c) the maintenance of a stock of goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise solely for the purpose of processing by another enterprise;

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- d) the maintenance of a fixed place of business solely for the purpose of purchasing goods or merchandise, or of collecting information, for the enterprise;
 - e) the maintenance of a fixed place of business solely for the purpose of carrying on, for the enterprise, any other activity of a preparatory or auxiliary character;
 - f) the maintenance of a fixed place of business solely for any combination of activities mentioned in sub- paragraphs a) to e), provided that the overall activity of the fixed place of business resulting from this combination is of a preparatory or auxiliary character.
6. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 and 2, where a person other than an agent of an independent status to whom paragraph 8 applies is acting on behalf of an enterprise and has, and habitually exercises, in a Contracting State an authority to conclude contracts in the name of the enterprise, that enterprise shall be deemed to have a permanent establishment in that State in respect of any activities which that person undertakes for the enterprise, unless the activities of such person are limited to those mentioned in paragraph 5 which, if exercised through a fixed place of business, would not make this fixed place of business a permanent establishment under the provisions of that paragraph.
7. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Article, an insurance enterprise of a Contracting State shall, except in regard to re-insurance, be deemed to have a permanent establishment in the other Contracting State if it collects premiums in the territory of that other State or insures risks situated therein through a person other than an agent of an independent status to whom paragraph 8 applies.
8. An enterprise shall not be deemed to have a permanent establishment in a Contracting State merely because it carries on business in that State through a broker, general commission agent or any other agent of an independent status, provided that such persons are acting in the ordinary course of their business.
9. The fact that a company which is a resident of a Contracting State controls or is controlled by a company which is a resident of the other Contracting State, or which carries on business in that other State (whether through a permanent establishment or otherwise), shall not of itself constitute either company a permanent establishment of the other.

Article 6

INCOME FROM IMMOVABLE PROPERTY

1. Income derived by a resident of a Contracting State from immovable property (including income from agriculture or forestry) situated in the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. The term " immovable property " shall have the meaning which it has under the law of the Contracting State in which the property in question is situated. The term shall in any case include property accessory to immovable property, livestock and equipment used in agriculture and forestry, rights to which the provisions of general law respecting landed property apply, usufruct of immovable property and rights to variable or fixed payments as consideration for the working of, or the right to work, mineral deposits , sources and other natural resources ; ships and aircraft shall not be regarded as immovable property.
3. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall apply to income derived from the direct use, letting, or use in any other form of immovable property.
4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 3 shall also apply to the income from immovable property of an enterprise and to income from immovable property used for the performance of independent personal services.

Article 7

BUSINESS PROFITS

1. The Profits of an enterprise of a Contracting State shall be taxable only in that State unless the enterprise carries on business in the other Contracting State through a permanent establishment situated therein. If the enterprise carries on business as aforesaid, the profits of the enterprise may be taxed in the other State but only so much of them as is attributable to that permanent establishment.
2. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 3, where an enterprise of a Contracting State carries on business in the other Contracting State through a permanent establishment situated therein, there shall in each Contracting State be attributed to that permanent establishment the profits which it might be expected to make if it were a distinct and separate enterprise engaged in the same or similar activities under the same or similar conditions and dealing wholly independently with the enterprise of which it is a permanent establishment.

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3. a. In determining the profits of a permanent establishment, there shall be allowed as deductions expenses allowed under the provisions of domestic law which are incurred for the purposes of the permanent establishment, including executive and general administrative expenses so incurred, whether in the state in which the permanent establishment is situated or elsewhere.
- b. However, no such deduction shall be allowed in respect of amounts, if any, paid (otherwise than towards reimbursement of actual expenses) by the permanent establishment to the head office of the enterprise or any of its other offices, by way of royalties, fees or other similar payments, in return for the use of patents or other rights or by way of commission, for specific services performed or for management, or, except in the case of a banking enterprise, by way of interest on monies lent to the permanent establishment. Likewise, no account shall be taken in the determination of the profits of a permanent establishment, for amounts charged (otherwise than towards reimbursement of actual expenses), by the permanent establishment to the head office of the enterprise or any of its other offices, by way of royalties, fees or other similar payments in return for the use of patents or other rights, or by way of commission for specific services performed or for management, or, except in the case of a banking enterprise by way of interest on monies lent to the head office of the enterprise or any of its other offices.
4. Insofar as it has been customary in a Contracting State to determine the profits to be attributed to a permanent establishment on the basis of an apportionment of the total profits of the enterprise to its various parts, nothing in paragraph 2 shall preclude that Contracting State from determining the profits to be taxed by such an apportionment as may be customary; the method of apportionment adopted shall, however, be such that the result shall be in accordance with the principles contained in this Article.
5. No profits shall be attributed to a permanent establishment by reason of the mere purchase by that permanent establishment of goods or merchandise for the enterprise.
6. For the purposes of the preceding paragraphs, the profits to be attributed to the permanent establishment shall be determined by the same method year by year unless there is good and sufficient reason to the contrary.
7. Where profits include items of income which are dealt with separately in other Articles of this Agreement, then the provisions of those Articles shall not be affected by the provisions of this article.

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Article 8

SHIPPING, AIR TRANSPORT AND CONTAINERS

1. Profits from the operation of ships or aircraft in international traffic carried on by an enterprise of a Contracting State shall be taxable only in that Contracting State.
2. The profits of an enterprise of a Contracting State from the use, maintenance or rental of containers (including trailers and related equipment for the transport of containers) used for the transport of goods or merchandise shall be taxable only in that Contracting State, except insofar as those containers or trailers and related equipment are used for transport solely between places within the other Contracting State.
3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall also apply to profits derived from the participation in a pool, a joint business or in an international operating agency.
4. The provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall apply to profits derived by the joint Norwegian, Danish and Swedish air transport consortium Scandinavian Airlines System (SAS), but only insofar as profits derived by Det Norske Luftfartsselskap A/S (DNL), the Norwegian partner of the Scandinavian Airline System (SAS), are in proportion to its share in that organisation.

Article 9

ASSOCIATED ENTERPRISES

Where

- a) an enterprise of a Contracting State participates directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital of an enterprise of the other Contracting State, or
- b) the same persons participate directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital of an enterprise of a Contracting State and an enterprise of the other Contracting State,

and in either case conditions are made or imposed between the two enterprises in their commercial or financial relations which differ from those which would be made between independent enterprises, then any profits which would, but for those conditions, have accrued to one of the enterprises, but, by reasons of those conditions, have not so accrued, may be included in the profits of that enterprise and taxed accordingly.

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Article 10

DIVIDENDS

1. Dividends paid by a company which is a resident of a Contracting State to a resident of the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. However, such dividends may also be taxed in the Contracting State of which the company paying the dividends is a resident and according to the laws of that state, but if the recipient is the beneficial owner of the dividends the tax so charged shall not exceed:
 - a) 5 percent of the gross amount of the dividends if the beneficial owner is a company which holds directly at least 25 percent of the shares of the company paying the dividends;
 - b) 10 percent of the gross amount of the dividends if the beneficial owner is a company which holds directly at least 10 percent of the shares of the company paying the dividends;
 - c) 15 percent of the gross amount of the dividends in all other cases.

This paragraph shall not affect the taxation of the company in respect of the profits out of which the dividends are paid.

3. The term "dividends" as used in this Article means income from shares, mining shares, founders' shares or other rights, not being debt-claims, participating in profits, as well as income from other corporate rights which is subjected to the same taxation treatment as income from shares by the laws of the State of which the company making the distribution is a resident.
4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply if the beneficial owner of the dividends, being a resident of a Contracting State, carries on business in the other contracting State, of which the company paying the dividends is resident, through a permanent establishment situated therein, or performs in that other State independent personal services from a fixed base situated therein, and the holding in respect of which the dividends are paid is effectively connected with such permanent establishment or fixed base. In such case the provisions of Article 7 or Article 14, as the case may be, shall apply.
5. Where a company which is resident of a contracting State derives profits or income from the other Contracting State, that other State may not impose any tax on the dividends paid by the company, except insofar as such dividends are paid to a resident of that other State or insofar as the holding in respect of which the dividends are paid is effectively connected with a permanent establishment or a fixed base situated in that other State, nor subject the company's undistributed profits to a tax on the company's undistributed profits, even if the dividends paid or the undistributed profits consist wholly or partly of profits or income arising in such other State.

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Article 11

INTEREST

1. Interest arising in a Contracting State and paid to a resident of the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. However, such interest may also be taxed in the Contracting State in which it arises and according to the laws of that State, but if the recipient is the beneficial owner of the interest the tax so charged shall not exceed 15 percent of the gross amount of the interest.

Provided, however, that where the interest is paid to a bank carrying on bonafide banking business, which is resident of the other Contracting State and is the beneficial owner of the interest, the tax charged in the Contracting State in which the interest arises shall not exceed 10 percent of the gross amount of the interest.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2,
 - a) interest arising in Nepal shall be taxable only in Norway if the interest is paid to:
 - (i) the state of Norway, a political sub-division, a local authority or a statutory body there of ;
 - (ii) the Central Bank of Norway;
 - (iii) the Norwegian Guarantee Institute for Export Credits;
 - (iv) A/S Eksportfinans; or
 - (v) any other institution ; similar to those mentioned in subdivision (iii)-(iv), as may be agreed from time to time between the competent authorities of the Contracting States;
 - b) interest arising in Norway shall be taxable only in Nepal if the interest is paid to:
 - i) the state of Nepal, a political subdivision, a local authority or a statutory body thereof ;
 - ii) Central Bank of Nepal;
 - iii) any organisation established in the State of Nepal after the date of signature of this Agreement and which is of a similar nature as any organisation established in Norway and referred to in subdivision a)(iii) -
 - (iv) (the competent authorities of the Contracting States shall by mutual agreement determine whether such organisations are of a similar nature); or

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- iv) any institution similar to any of those referred to in subdivision a) (v), as may be agreed from time to time between the competent authorities of the Contracting States;
- c) interest arising in a Contracting State on a loan guaranteed by any of the bodies mentioned or referred to in sub-paragraph a) or sub-paragraph b) and paid to a resident of the other Contracting State shall be taxable only in that other State.
4. The term " interest " as used in this Article means income from debt-claims of every kind, whether or not secured by mortgage, and in particular, income from government securities and income from bonds or debentures, including premiums and prizes attaching to such securities, bonds or debentures. Penalty charges for late payment shall not be regarded as interest for the purpose of this Article.
5. The provisions of paragraph 1 and 2 shall not apply if the beneficial owner of the interest, being a resident of a Contracting State, carries on business in the other Contracting State in which the interest arises, through a permanent establishment situated therein, or performs in that other State independent personal services from a fixed base situated therein, and the debt-claim in respect of which the interest is paid is effectively connected with such permanent establishment or fixed base. In such case the provisions of Article 7 or Article 14, as the case may be, shall apply.
6. Interest shall be deemed to arise in Contracting State when the payer is that state itself, a political subdivision, a local authority or a resident of that State. Where, however, the person paying the interest, whether he is a resident of a Contracting State or not, has in a Contracting State a permanent establishment or a fixed base in connection with which the indebtedness on which the interest is paid was incurred, and such interest is borne by such permanent establishment or fixed base, then such interest shall be deemed to arise in the State in which the permanent establishment or fixed base is situated.
7. Where, by reason of a special relationship between the payer and the beneficial owner or between both of them and some other person, the amount of the interest, having regard to the debt-claim for which it is paid, exceeds the amount which would have been agreed upon by the payer and the beneficial owner in the absence of such relationship, the provisions of this Article shall apply only to the last-mentioned amount. In such case, the excess part of the payments shall remain taxable according to the laws of each Contracting State, due regard being had to the other provisions of this Agreement.

Article 12

ROYALTIES

1. Royalties arising in a Contracting State and paid to a resident of the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. However, such royalties, may also be taxed in the Contracting State in which they arise and according to the laws of that State, but if the recipient is the beneficial owner of the royalties, the tax so charged shall not exceed 15 percent of the gross amount of the royalties. For the purposes of this paragraph, if a lower rate of Nepalese tax is agreed upon with any other State than Norway after the entry into force of this Agreement such rates shall be applied.
3. The term "royalties" as used in this Article means payments of any kind received as Consideration for the use of or the right to use, any copyright of literary, artistic or scientific work including cinematography films, or tapes for radio or television broadcasting, any patent, trade mark, design or model, plan, secret formula or process, or for information concerning industrial, commercial or scientific experience.
4. The provisions of paragraph 1 and 2 shall not apply if the beneficial owner of the royalties, being a resident of a Contracting State, carries on business in the other Contracting State in which the royalties arise, through a permanent establishment situated therein, or performs in that other State independent personal services from a fixed base situated therein, and the right or property in respect of which the royalties are paid is effectively connected with such permanent establishment or fixed base. In such case, the provision of Article 7 or Article 14, as the case may be shall apply.
5. Royalties shall be deemed to arise in a Contracting State when the payer is that state itself, a political subdivision, a local authority or a resident of that state. Where, however, the person paying the royalties, whether he is a resident of a Contracting State or not, has in a Contracting State a permanent establishment or a fixed base in connection with which the liability to pay the royalties was incurred, and such royalties are borne by such permanent establishment or fixed base, then such royalties shall be deemed to arise in the State in which the permanent establishment or fixed base is situated.
6. Where, by reason of a special relationship between the payer and the beneficial owner or between both of them and some other person, the amount of royalties, having regard to the use, right or information for which they are paid, exceeds the amount which would have been agreed upon by the payer and the beneficial owner in the absence of such relationship, the provisions of this Article shall apply only to the last-mentioned amount. In such case, the excess part of the payments shall remain taxable according to laws of each Contracting State, due regard being had to the other provisions of the Agreement.

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Article 13

CAPITAL GAINS

1. Gains derived by a resident of a Contracting State from the alienation of immovable property referred to in Article 6 and situated in the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. Gains from the alienation of movable property forming part of the business property of a permanent establishment which an enterprise of a Contracting State has in the other Contracting State or of movable property pertaining to a fixed base available to a resident of a Contracting State in the other Contracting State for the purpose of performing independent personal services, including such gains from the alienation of such a permanent establishment (alone or with the whole enterprise) or of such fixed base, may be taxed in that other State.
3. Gains from the alienation of ships or aircraft operated in international traffic, or movable property pertaining to the operation of such ships or aircraft shall be taxable only in the Contracting State in which the profits of the enterprise are taxable according to Article 8 of this Agreement.
4. Gains derived by an enterprise of a Contracting State from the alienation of containers (including trailers and related equipment for the transport of containers) used for the transport of goods or merchandise shall be taxable only in that Contracting State, except insofar as those containers or trailers and related equipment are used for transport solely between places within the other Contracting State.
5. Gains from the alienation of any property other than those referred to in the preceding paragraphs shall be taxable only in the Contracting State of which the alienator is a resident.

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Article 14

INDEPENDENT PERSONAL SERVICES

1. Income derived by an individual who is a resident of a Contracting State in respect of professional services or other activities of an independent character shall be taxable only in that State. However, such income may also be taxed in the other Contracting State if:
 - a) the individual is present in the other State for a period or periods exceeding in the aggregate 183 days in any period of twelve months; or
 - b) the individual has a fixed base regularly available to him in that other State for the purpose of performing his activities;but only so much thereof as is attributable to services performed in that other State.
2. The term "professional services" includes especially independent scientific, literary, artistic, educational or teaching activities as well as the independent activities of physicians, lawyers, engineers, architects, dentists and accountants.

Article 15

DEPENDENT PERSONAL SERVICES

1. Subject to the provisions of Articles 16,17,18 and 19 salaries, wages and other similar remuneration derived by a resident of a Contracting State in respect of an employment shall be taxable only in that State unless the employment is exercised in the other Contracting State. If the employment is so exercised, such remuneration as is derived therefrom may be taxed in that other State.
2. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, remuneration derived by a resident of a Contracting State in respect of an employment exercised in the other Contracting State shall be taxable only in the first-mentioned State if:
 - a) the recipient is present in that other State for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate 183 days in any period of twelve months; and
 - b) the remuneration is paid by, or on behalf of, an employer who is a resident of the State of which the recipient is a resident, and whose activity does not consist of the hiring out of labour; and
 - c) the remuneration is not borne by a permanent establishment or a fixed base which the employer has in that other State.

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3. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Article, remuneration derived in respect of an employment exercised aboard a ship or aircraft operated in international traffic may be taxed in the Contracting State in which the profits of the enterprise are taxable according to Article 8 of this Agreement. However, where remuneration is derived in respect of an employment exercised aboard a ship registered in the Norwegian international Ships' register (N.I.S.), such remuneration shall be taxable only in the Contracting State of which the recipient is a resident.
4. Where a resident of Norway derives remuneration in respect of an employment exercised aboard an aircraft operated in international traffic by the Scandinavian Airlines System (SAS) consortium, such remuneration shall be taxable only in Norway.

Article 16

DIRECTORS FEES

Directors' fees and similar payments derived by a resident of a Contracting State in his capacity as a member of the board of directors or of a similar organ of a company which is a resident of the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.

Article 17

ARTISTES AND SPORTSMEN

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles 14 and 15, income derived by a resident of a Contracting State as an entertainer, such as a theater, motion picture, radio or television artists, or a musician, or as a sportsman, from his personal activities as much exercised in the other Contracting State, may be taxed in that other State.
2. Where income in respect of personal activities exercised by a entertainer or a sportsman in his capacity as such accrues not to the entertainer or sportsman himself but to another person, that income may, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 7, 14 and 15, be taxed in the Contracting State in which the activities of the entertainer or sportsman are exercised.
3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to income derived from activities performed in a Contracting State by entertainers or sportsmen if the visit to that State is substantially supported by public funds of the other Contracting State or a political subdivision or local authority thereof. In such a case the income shall be taxable only in the State of which the entertainers or sportsman is a resident.

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Article 18

**PENSIONS, ANNUITIES AND PAYMENTS UNDER
A SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM**

Pensions (including Government pensions and payments under a social security system) and annuities paid to a resident of a Contracting State shall be taxable only in that State.

Article 19

GOVERNMENT SERVICE

1. a) Remuneration, other than a pension, paid by a Contracting State or a political subdivision or a local authority thereof to an individual in respect of services rendered to that State or subdivision or authority shall be taxable only in that State.
- b) However, such remuneration shall be taxable only in the other Contracting State if the services are rendered in that State and the individual is a resident of that State who:
 - (i) is a national of that State; or
 - (ii) did not become a resident of that State solely for the purpose of rendering the services.
2. The provisions of Articles 15 and 16 shall apply to remuneration other than pensions in respect of services rendered in connection with a business carried on by a Contracting State or a political subdivision or a local authority thereof.

Article 20

STUDENTS

1. Payments which a student or business apprentice who is or was immediately before visiting a Contracting State a resident of the other Contracting State and who is present in the first-mentioned State solely for the purpose of his education or training receives for the purpose of his maintenance , education or training shall not be taxed in the first-mentioned State provided that such payments arise from sources outside that State.
2. In respect of grants, scholarships and remuneration from employment not covered by paragraph 1, a student or business apprentice described in paragraph 1 shall, in addition, be entitled during such education or training to the same exemptions, reliefs or reductions in respects of taxes available to residents of the State which he is visiting. However, if such exemption, relief or reduction is subject to limitations under domestic law based on the length of the stay, these limitations shall apply.

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Article 21

OTHER INCOME

1. Items of income of a resident of a Contracting State, Wherever arising, not dealt with in the foregoing Articles of this Agreement shall be taxable only in that State.
2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall not apply to income, other than income from immovable property as defined in paragraph 2 of article 6, if the recipient of such income, being a resident of a Contracting State, carries on business in the other Contracting State through a permanent establishment situated therein, or performs in that other State in independent personal services from a fixed base situated therein, and the right or property in respect of which the income is paid is effectively connected with such permanent establishment or fixed base. In such case the provisions of Article 7 or Article 14, as the case may be, shall apply.

Article 22

CAPITAL

1. Capital represented by immovable property referred to in Article 6, owned by a resident of a Contracting State and situated in the other Contracting State may be taxed in that other State.
2. Capital represented by movable property forming part of the business property of a permanent establishment which an enterprise of a Contracting State has in the other Contracting State, or by movable property pertaining to a fixed base available to a resident of a Contracting State in the other Contracting State for the purpose of performing independent personal services, may be taxed in that other state.
3. Capital represented by ships or aircraft operated in international traffic, and by movable property pertaining to the operation of such ships or aircraft, shall be taxable only in the Contracting State in which the profits of the enterprise are taxable according to Article 8 of this agreement.
4. Capital of an enterprise of a Contracting State represented by containers (including trailers and related equipment for the transport of containers) used for the transport of goods or merchandise shall be taxable only in that Contracting State, except insofar as those containers or trailers and related equipment are used for transport solely between places within the other Contracting State.
5. All other elements of capital of a resident of a Contracting State shall be taxable only in that State.

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Article 23

ELIMINATION OF DOUBLE TAXATION

1. In Norway double taxation shall be avoided as follows:

- a) Subject to the provisions of the laws of Norway regarding the allowance as credit against Norwegian tax of tax payable in a territory outside Norway (which shall not affect the general principle hereof).

Where a resident of Norway derives income or owns elements of capital which, in according with the provisions of this Agreement, may be taxed in Nepal, Norway shall allow:

- (i) as a deduction from the tax on the income of that resident, an amount equal to the income tax paid in Nepal;
- (ii) as a deduction from the tax on the capital of that resident, an amount equal to the capital tax paid in Nepal on elements of capital;

Such deduction in either case shall not, however, exceed that part of the income tax or capital tax, as computed before the deduction is giving , which is attributable, as the case may be, to the income or the same elements of capital which may be taxed in Nepal.

- b) Where in accordance with any provision of the Agreement income derived or capital owned by a resident of Norway is exempt from tax in Norway, Norway may nevertheless, in calculating the amount of tax on the remaining income or capital or such resident, take into account the exempted income or capital.
- c) Where exemption from or reduction of Nepalese tax, payable in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 in respect of profits derived by a Norwegian enterprise from a permanent establishment situated in Nepal, has been granted under Nepalese law designed to extend time limited tax incentive to promote foreign investment for the purpose of the economic development of Nepal, then, for the purposes of subparagraph a) (i) deduction from Norwegian tax for Nepalese tax shall be allowed as if no such exemption or reduction had been granted, provided that the permanent establishment is engaged in business activities (other than business activities in the financial sector) and that no more than 25 percent of such profits consist of interest and gains from the alienation of shares or bonds, or consist of profits derived from third states. The provisions of this sub-paragraph shall apply for the first 10 years for which the Agreement is effective. The competent authorities shall consult each other in order to determine whether this period shall be extended.

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- d) In case Nepal introduces a withholding tax on dividends to which the provisions of Article 10 apply, then the provisions of subparagraph c) shall be applied correspondingly to any exemption or reduction of Nepalese withholding tax on such dividends below the rates stated in paragraph 2 of Article 10.

2. In Nepal double taxation shall be avoided as follows:

- a) Subject to the provisions of the law of Nepal regarding the allowance as a credit against Nepalese tax of tax payable in a territory outside Nepal (which shall not affect the general principle hereof) Norwegian tax payable under the law of Norway and in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, whether directly or by deduction, on income from sources within Norway shall be allowed as a credit against any Nepalese tax computed by reference to the same items of income by reference to which the Norwegian tax is computed.
- b) Where under the Agreement a resident of Nepal is exempt from tax in Nepal in respect of income derived from Norway, then Nepal may, in calculating tax on the remaining income of that person, apply the rate of tax which would have been applicable if the income exempted from tax in accordance with the Agreement had not been so exempted.

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Article 24

NON- DISCRIMINATION

1. Nationals of a Contracting State shall not be subjected in the other Contracting State to any taxation or any requirement connected therewith, which is other or more burdensome than the taxation and connected requirements to which nationals of that other State in the same circumstances are or may be subjected. This provision shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 1, also apply to persons who are not residents of one or both of the Contracting States.
2. Stateless persons who are residents of a Contracting State shall not be subjected in the other Contracting State to any taxation or any requirement connected therewith which is other or more burdensome than the taxation and connected requirements to which nationals of that other State in the same circumstances are or may be subjected.
3. The taxation on a permanent establishment which an enterprise of a Contracting State has in the other Contracting State shall not be less favourably levied in that other State than the taxation levied on enterprises of that other State carrying on the same activities. This provision shall not be construed as obliging a Contracting State to grant to residents of the other Contracting State any personal allowances, reliefs and reductions for taxation purposes on account of civil status or family responsibilities which it grants to its own residents.
4. Except where the provisions of Article 9, paragraph 7 of Article 11 or paragraph 6 of Article 12 apply, interest, royalties and other disbursements paid by an enterprise of a Contracting State to a resident of the other Contracting State shall, for the purpose of determining the taxable profits of such enterprise, be deductible under the same conditions as if they had been paid to a resident of the first-mentioned State. Similarly, any debts of an enterprise of a Contracting State to a resident of the other contracting State shall, for the purpose of determining the taxable capital of such enterprise, be deductible under the same conditions as if they had been contracted to a resident of the first -mentioned State.
5. Enterprises of a Contracting State, the capital of which is wholly or partly owned or controlled, directly or indirectly by one or more residents of the other Contracting State, shall not be subjected in the first-mentioned State to any taxation or any requirement connected therewith which is other or more burdensome than the taxation and connected requirements to which other similar enterprises of the first-mentioned State are or may be subjected.
6. The provisions of this Article shall apply to taxes covered by the Agreement.

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Article 25

MUTUAL AGREEMENT PROCEDURE

1. Where a person considers that the actions of one or both of the Contracting States result or will result for him in taxation not in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, he may, irrespective of the remedies provided by the domestic law of those States, present his case to the competent authority of the Contracting State of which he is a resident or, if his case comes under paragraph 1 of Article 24, to that of the Contracting State of which he is a national. The case must be presented within three years from the receipt of the first notification of the action resulting in taxation not in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement.
2. The competent authority shall endeavour, if the objection appears to it to be justified and if it is not itself able to arrive at a satisfactory solution, to resolve the case by mutual agreement with the competent authority of the other Contracting State with a view to the avoidance of taxation which is not in accordance with the Agreement. Any agreement reached shall be implemented notwithstanding any time limits in the domestic law of the Contracting States.
3. The competent authorities of the Contracting States shall endeavour to resolve by mutual agreement any difficulties or doubts arising as to the interpretation or application of the Agreement. They may also consult together for the elimination of double taxation in cases not provided for in the Agreement.
4. The competent authorities of the Contracting States may communicate with each other directly for the purpose of reaching an agreement in the sense of the preceding paragraphs. When it seems advisable in order to reach agreement to have an oral exchange of opinions, such exchange may take place through a commission consisting of representatives of the Contracting States.

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

Article 26

EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

1. The competent authorities of the Contracting States shall exchange such information as is relevant for carrying out the provisions of this Agreement and of the domestic laws of the Contracting States concerning taxes covered by the Agreement insofar as taxation thereunder is not contrary to the Agreement. The exchange of information is not restricted by Article 1. Any information received by a Contracting State shall be treated as secret in the same manner as information obtained under the domestic laws of that State and shall be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) involved in the assessment or collection of, the enforcement or prosecution in respect of, or the determination of appeals in relation to, the taxes covered by the Agreement. Such persons or authorities shall use the information only for such purposes. They may disclose the information in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions.
2. In no case shall the provisions of paragraph 1 be construed so as to impose on a Contracting State the obligation:
 - a) to carry out administrative measures at variance with the laws and administrative practice of that or of the other Contracting State ;
 - b) to supply information which is not obtainable under the laws or in the normal course of the administration of that or of the other Contracting State;
 - c) to supply information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process, or information , the disclosure of which would be contrary to public policy (ordre public).

Article 27

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICERS

Nothing in this Agreement shall affect the fiscal privileges of diplomatic or consular officers under the general rules of international law or under the provisions of special agreements.

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आधिकारिकता मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।

Article 28

ENTRY INTO FORCE

1. Each of the Contracting States shall notify to the other the completion of the procedures required by its law for the bringing into force of this Agreement.
2. The Agreement shall enter into force on the date of receipt of the later of these notifications and shall thereupon have effect in respect of taxes on income or on capital relating to the fiscal year (including accounting periods beginning in any such year) next following that in which the Agreement enters into force and subsequent years.

Article 29

TERMINATION

This Agreement shall remain in force indefinitely, but either of the Contracting States may, on or before 30th. June in any calendar year beginning after the expiration of a period of five years from the date of its entry into force, give to the other Contracting State, through the diplomatic channels, written notice of termination. In such event, the Agreement shall cease to have effect in respect of taxes on income or on capital relating to the fiscal year (including accounting periods beginning in such year) next following that in which the notice is given.

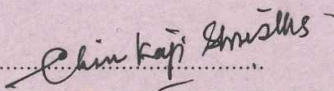
खण्ड ४६ संख्या ९ नेपाल राजपत्र भाग ५ मिति २०५३।२।२८

In witness whereof the undersigned, duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

Done in duplicate at Kathmandu, Nepal this 13th day of May 1996. in the English language.

For His Majesty's Government
of Nepal.

For the Government of
the Kingdom of Norway.


Mr. Chin Kaji Shrestha
Assistant Minister For Finance,
Ministry of Finance,
His Majesty's Government of Nepal.


Mr. Asbjorn Mathisen
Deputy Minister For Development Cooperation
Royal Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Norway.

आज्ञाले,
विश्वमंगल आत्रेय
उप-सचिव

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(४०)

मुद्रण विभाग, सिंहदरबार, काठमाडौंमा मुद्रित।
अधिकारकर्ता, मुद्रण विभागबाट प्रमाणित गरिएपछि मात्र लागु हुनेछ।