

Government of Nepal

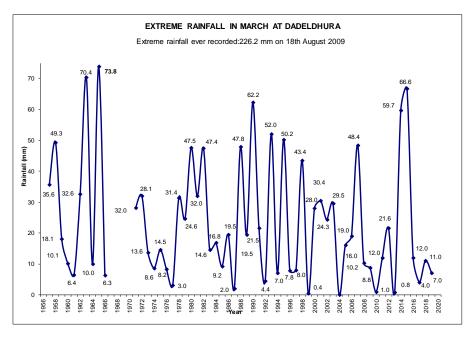
Ministry of Energy, Water Resources and Irrigation

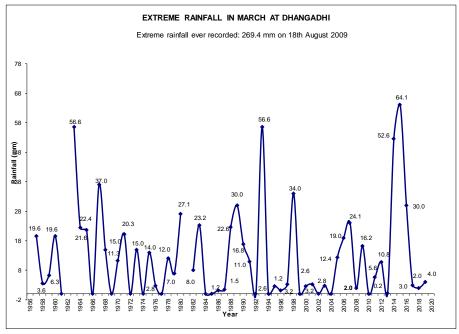
Department of Hydrology and Meteorology

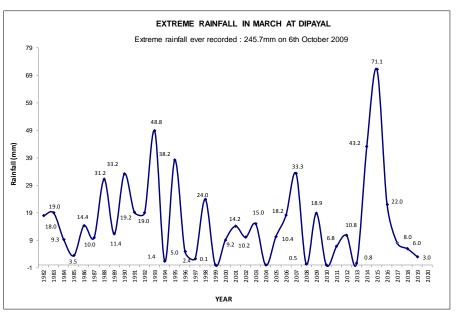
Nagpokhari, Kathmandu, Nepal.

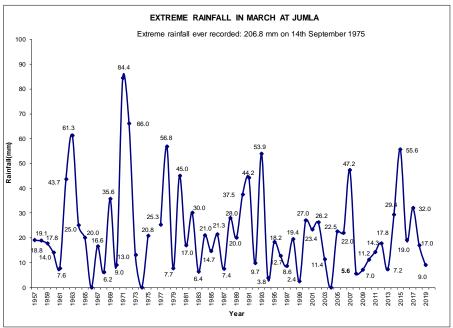
EXTREME RAINFALL OF MONTH MARCH AT SELECTED STATIONS

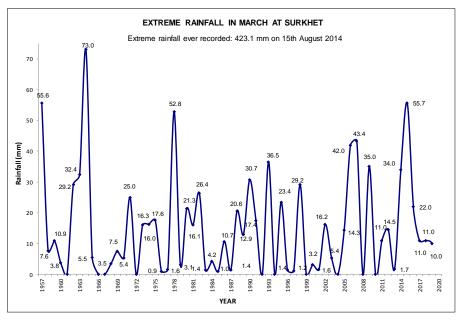
Note: March is the beginning month of the Pre-monsoon season. This season is accompanied by the local convective rain and the windy atmosphere. The stations selected in this monitoring shows the daily maximum rain recorded in the month of March where the maximum daily rainfall of was recorded in the station at Jumla (84.4 mm) on 3rd March 1971. Rainfall trends in March for the stations selected below are shown in Table 1.

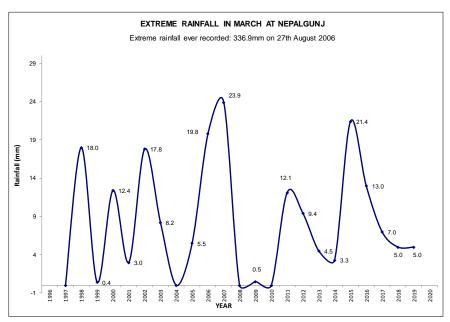


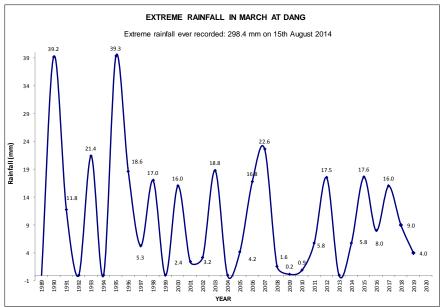


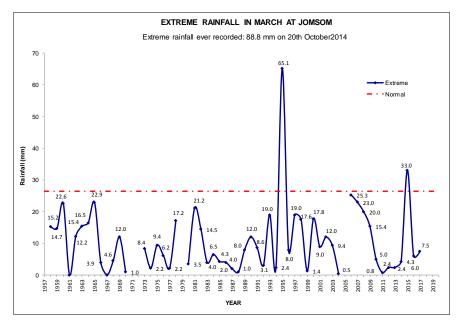


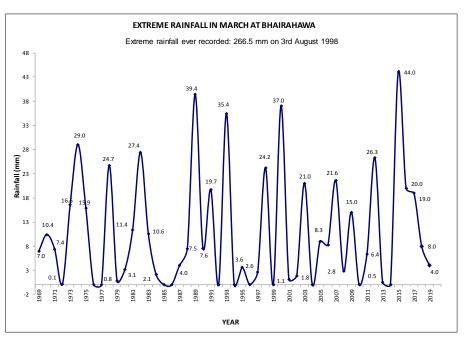


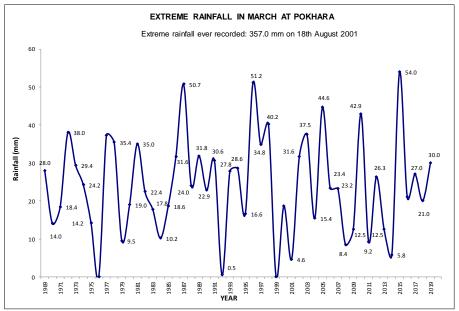


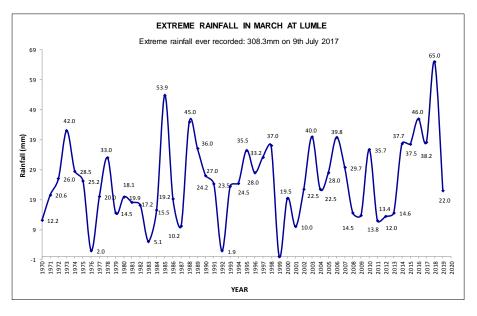


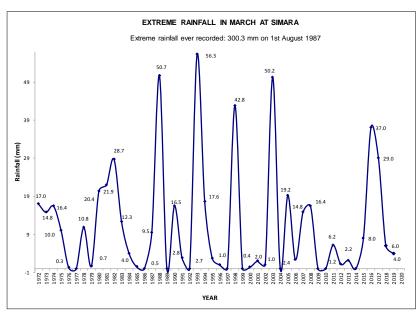


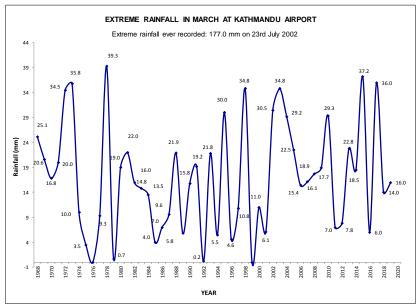


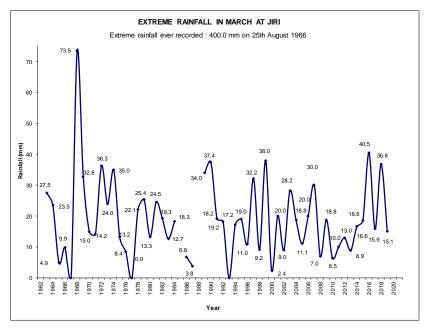


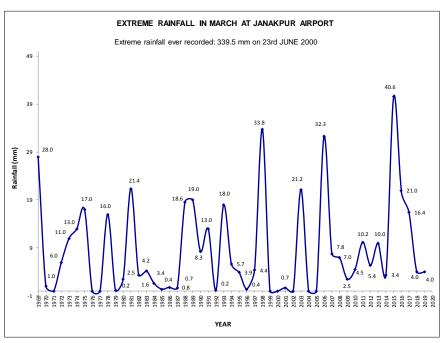


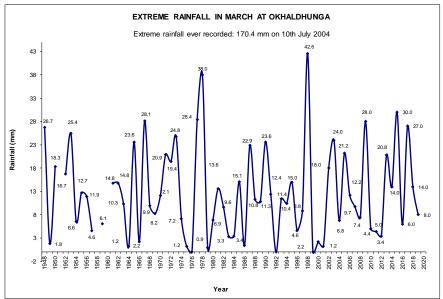


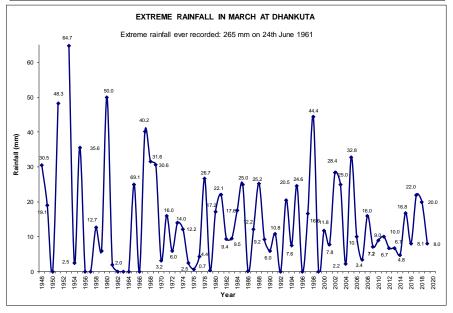


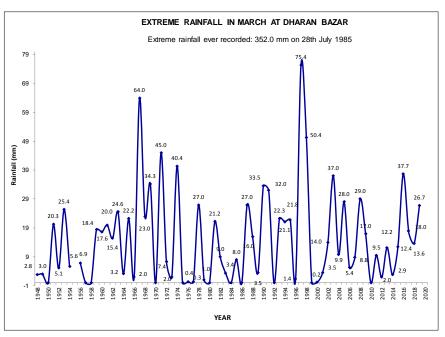


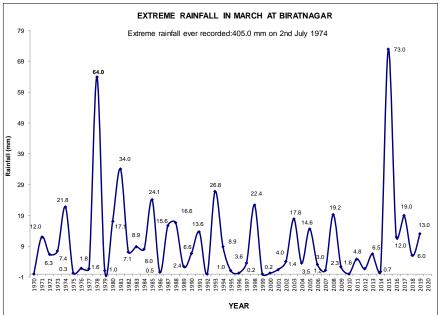












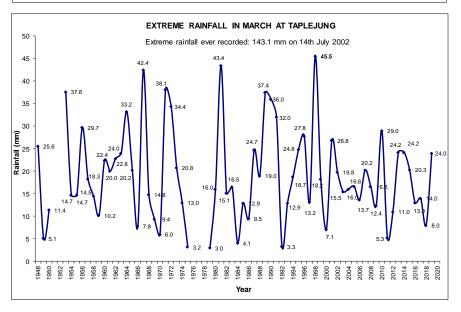


Table 1

Extreme Rainfall trends						
Stations/Month	March	Stations/Month	March			
Dadeldhura	Falling	Kathmandu	No trend			
Dipayal	Falling	Okhaldhunga	No trend			
Dhangadhi	No trend	Taplejung	No trend			
Surkhet	No trend	Dhankuta	Falling			
Nepalgunj	Falling	Biratnagar	No trend			
Jumla	Falling	Jomsom	Rising			
Dang	Falling	Dharan	Rising			
Pokhara	No trend	Lumle	Rising			
Bhairahawa	Rising	Janakpur	Rising			
Simara	Falling	Jiri	Falling			

Fig 1: Monthly rainfall (%)

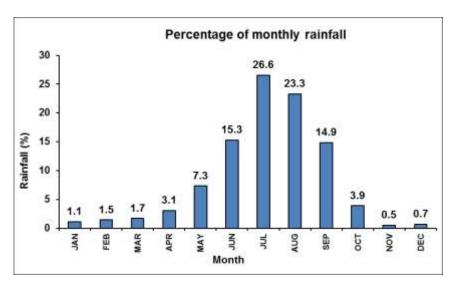


Fig 2: Map of Nepal showing the synoptic stations

